

Package ‘nhdplusTools’

September 2, 2026

Type Package

Title NHDPlus Tools

Version 1.5.2

Description Tools for traversing and working with National Hydrography Dataset Plus (NHD-Plus) data. All methods implemented in 'nhdplusTools' are available in the NHDPlus documentation available from the US Environmental Protection Agency <<https://www.epa.gov/waterdata/basic-information>>.

URL <https://doi-usgs.github.io/nhdplusTools/>
<https://github.com/doi-usgs/nhdplusTools/>

BugReports <https://github.com/doi-usgs/nhdplusTools/issues/>

Depends R (>= 4.1)

Imports hydroloom, dataRetrieval, dplyr, sf, units, magrittr,
jsonlite, httr, xml2, R.utils, utils, tidyr, methods, maptiles,
mapsf, fst, arrow, tools, zip, pbapply, memoise, digest

Suggests testthat, ggmap, ggplot2, lwgeom, gifski, leaflet, httptest,
future, future.apply, StreamCatTools, terra

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Encoding UTF-8

Config/testthat/parallel true

Config/testthat/edition 3

LazyData true

Language en-US

Config/roxygen2/version 8.0.0

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2026-09-02 05:20:25 UTC

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add_plus_network_attributes

DEPRECATED: Add NHDPlus Network Attributes to a provided network.

Description

Given a river network with required base attributes, adds the NHDPlus network attributes: hydrosequence, levelpath, terminalpath, pathlength, down levelpath, down hydroseq, total drainage area, and terminalflag. The function implements two parallelization schemes for small and large basins respectively. If a number of cores is specified, parallel execution will be used.

Usage

```
add_plus_network_attributes(
  net,
  override = 5,
  cores = NULL,
  split_temp = NULL,
  status = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

net	data.frame containing comid, tocomid, nameID, lengthkm, and areasqkm. Additional attributes will be passed through unchanged. tocomid == 0 is the convention used for outlets. If a "weight" column is provided, it will be used in get_levelpaths otherwise, arbolate sum is calculated for the network and used as the weight.
override	numeric factor to be passed to get_levelpaths
cores	integer number of processes to spawn if run in parallel.
split_temp	character path to optional temporary copy of the network split into independent sub-networks. If it exists, it will be read from disk rather than recreated.
status	logical should progress be printed?

Value

data.frame with added attributes

align_nhdplus_names *Align NHD Dataset Names*

Description

this function takes any NHDPlus dataset and aligns the attribute names with those used in nhdplus-Tools.

Usage

```
align_nhdplus_names(x)
```

Arguments

x	a sf object of nhdplus flowlines
---	----------------------------------

Value

data.frame renamed sf object

`calculate_arbolate_sum`*DEPRECATED: Calculate Arbolate Sum*

Description

Calculates arbolate sum given a dendritic network and incremental lengths. Arbolate sum is the total length of all upstream flowlines.

Usage`calculate_arbolate_sum(x)`**Arguments**

`x` data.frame with ID, toID, and length columns.

Value

numeric with arbolate sum.

`calculate_total_drainage_area`*DEPRECATED: Total Drainage Area*

Description

Calculates total drainage area given a dendritic network and incremental areas.

Usage`calculate_total_drainage_area(x)`**Arguments**

`x` data.frame with ID, toID, and area columns.

Value

numeric with total area.

disambiguate_flowline_indexes

Disambiguate Flowline Indexes

Description

Given a set of flowline indexes and numeric or ascii criteria, return closest match. If numeric criteria are used, the minimum difference in the numeric attribute is used for disambiguation. If ascii criteria are used, the [adist](#) function is used with the following algorithm: '1 - adist_score / max_string_length'. Comparisons ignore case.

Usage

```
disambiguate_flowline_indexes(indexes, flowpath, hydro_location)
```

Arguments

indexes	data.frame as output from get_flowline_index with more than one hydrologic location per indexed point.
flowpath	data.frame with two columns. The first should join to the COMID field of the indexes and the second should be the numeric or ascii metric such as drainage area or GNIS Name. Names of this data.frame are not used.
hydro_location	data.frame with two columns. The first should join to the id field of the indexes and the second should be the numeric or ascii metric such as drainage area or GNIS Name.. Names of this data.frame are not used.

Value

data.frame indexes deduplicated according to the minimum difference between the values in the metric columns. If two or more result in the same "minimum" value, duplicates will be returned.

discover_geoconnex_reference

discover geoconnex reference feature layers

Description

Queries the geoconnex.us reference feature server for available layers and attributes.

Usage

```
discover_geoconnex_reference()
```

Value

data.frame containing layers available and fields that are available to query.

discover_nhdplus_id	<i>Discover NHDPlus ID</i>
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Description

Multipurpose function to find a COMID of interest.

Note that NHDPlusV2 uses "featureid" for catchment polygons and "comid" for flowline linestrings. These two identifiers are the same where a flowline/catchment pair exists. In some cases, a catchment will not have a flowline and in others, a flowline will not have a catchment.

If a point is provided, and raindrop is false, the comid/featureid integer of the catchment the point is in is returned. This options uses a web service here: <https://api.water.usgs.gov/fabric/pygeoapi/collections/catchmentsp>

If a point is provided, and raindrop is true, the response is the result of a call to [get_raindrop_trace](#).

If no point is provided, the raindrop argument is ignored and the result is a comid integer derived from a call to [get_nldi_feature](#).

Usage

```
discover_nhdplus_id(point = NULL, nldi_feature = NULL, raindrop = FALSE)
```

Arguments

point	sf POINT including crs as created by: <code>sf::st_sfc(sf::st_point(...), crs)</code>
nldi_feature	list with names 'featureSource' and 'featureID' where 'featureSource' is derived from the "source" column of the response of get_nldi_sources and the 'featureSource' is a known identifier from the specified 'featureSource'.
raindrop	logical if TRUE will call a raindrop trace web service and return will be the same as get_raindrop_trace with direction "none".

Value

integer COMID or list containing COMID and raindrop trace.

download_nhd	<i>Download NHD</i>
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Description

Download NHD

Usage

```
download_nhd(nhd_dir, hu_list, download_files = TRUE)
```

Arguments

nhd_dir	character directory to save output into
hu_list	character vector of hydrologic region(s) to download. Use get_huc to find HU codes of interest. Accepts two digit and four digit codes.
download_files	boolean if FALSE, only URLs to files will be returned can be hu02s and/or hu04s

Value

character Paths to geodatabases created.

download_nhdplushr	<i>Download NHDPlus HiRes</i>
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Description

Download NHDPlus HiRes

Usage

```
download_nhdplushr(nhd_dir, hu_list, download_files = TRUE, archive = FALSE)
```

Arguments

nhd_dir	character directory to save output into
hu_list	character vector of hydrologic region(s) to download. Use get_huc to find HU codes of interest. Accepts two digit and four digit codes.
download_files	boolean if FALSE, only URLs to files will be returned can be hu02s and/or hu04s
archive	pull data from the "archive" folder rather than "current". The archive contains the original releases of NHDPlusHR data that were updated in subsequent processing. Not all subsets of NHDPlusHR were updated. See: https://www.usgs.gov/national-hydrography/access-national-hydrography-products for more details.

Value

character Paths to geodatabases created.

download_nhdplusv2	<i>Download seamless National Hydrography Dataset Version 2 (NHD-PlusV2)</i>
--------------------	--

Description

This function downloads and decompresses staged seamless NHDPlusV2 data. The following requirements are needed: p7zip (MacOS), 7zip (windows) Please see: <https://www.epa.gov/waterdata/get-nhdplus-national-hydrography-dataset-plus-data> for more information and metadata about this data.

Default downloads lower-48 only. See examples for islands. No Alaska data are available.

Usage

```
download_nhdplusv2(
  outdir,
  url = paste0("https://dmap-data-commons-ow.s3.amazonaws.com/NHDPlusV21/",
    "Data/NationalData/NHDPlusV21_NationalData_Seamless", "_Geodatabase_Lower48_07.7z"),
  progress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

outdir	The folder path where data should be downloaded and extracted
url	the location of the online resource
progress	boolean display download progress?

Value

character path to the local geodatabase

download_rf1	<i>Download the seamless Reach File (RF1) Database</i>
--------------	--

Description

This function downloads and decompresses staged RF1 data. See: https://water.usgs.gov/GIS/metadata/usgswrd/XML/erf1_2 for metadata.

Usage

```
download_rf1(
  outdir,
  url = "https://water.usgs.gov/GIS/dsdl/erf1_2.e00.gz",
  progress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

outdir	The folder path where data should be downloaded and extracted
url	the location of the online resource
progress	boolean display download progress?

Value

character path to the local e00 file

download_vaa	<i>Download NHDPlusVAA data from HydroShare</i>
--------------	---

Description

downloads and caches NHDPlusVAA data on your computer

Usage

```
download_vaa(  
  path = get_vaa_path(updated_network),  
  force = FALSE,  
  updated_network = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

path	character path where the file should be saved. Default is a persistent system data as retrieved by nhdplusTools_data_dir . Also see: get_vaa_path
force	logical. Force data re-download. Default = FALSE
updated_network	logical default FALSE. If TRUE, updated network attributes from E2NHD and National Water Model retrieved from doi:10.5066/P976XCVT .

Details

The VAA data is a aggregate table of information from the NHDPlusV2 elevslope.dbf(s), PlusFlow-lineVAA.dbf(s); and NHDFlowlines. All data originates from the EPA NHDPlus Homepage [here](#). To see the location of cached data on your machine use [get_vaa_path](#). To view aggregate data and documentation, see [here](#)

Value

character path to cached data

download_wbd

*Download the seamless Watershed Boundary Dataset (WBD)***Description**

This function downloads and decompresses staged seamless WBD data. Please see: https://prd-tnm.s3.amazonaws.com/StagedProducts/Hydrography/WBD/National/GDB/WBD_National_GDB.xml for metadata.

Usage

```
download_wbd(
  outdir,
  url = paste0("https://prd-tnm.s3.amazonaws.com/StagedProducts/",
    "Hydrography/WBD/National/GDB/WBD_National_GDB.zip"),
  progress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

outdir	The folder path where data should be downloaded and extracted
url	the location of the online resource
progress	boolean display download progress?

Value

character path to the local geodatabase

get_3dhp

*Get 3DHP Data***Description**

Calls the 3DHP_all web service and returns sf data.frames for the selected layers. See <https://hydro.nationalmap.gov/arcgis/re> for source data documentation.

Usage

```
get_3dhp(
  AOI = NULL,
  ids = NULL,
  type = NULL,
  universalreferenceid = NULL,
  t_srs = NULL,
  buffer = 0.5,
  page_size = 2000
)
```

Arguments

AOI	sf (MULTI)POINT or (MULTI)POLYGON. An 'area of interest' can be provided as either a location (sf POINT) or area (sf POLYGON) in any Spatial Reference System.
ids	character vector of id3dhp ids, mainstem uris, or workunitid prefixed ids (e.g. "workunitid:300585")
type	character. Type of feature to return. e.g. ("hydrolocation", "flowline", "water-body", "drainage area", "catchment"). If NULL (default) a data.frame of available types is returned
universalreferenceid	character vector of hydrolocation universal reference ids such as reachcodes
t_srs	character (PROJ string or EPSG code) or numeric (EPSG code). A user specified - target -Spatial Reference System (SRS/CRS) for returned objects. Will default to the CRS of the input AOI if provided, and to 4326 for ID requests.
buffer	numeric. The amount (in meters) to buffer a POINT AOI by for an extended search. Default = 0.5
page_size	numeric default number of features to request at a time. Reducing may help if 500 errors are experienced.

Details

The returned object(s) will have the same Spatial Reference System (SRS) as the input AOI. If a individual or set of IDs are used to query, then the default CRS of EPSG:4269 is preserved. In all cases, a user-defined SRS can be passed to t_srs which will override all previous SRS (either input or default). All buffer and distance operations are handled internally using in EPSG:5070 Albers Equal Area projection

Value

a simple features (sf) object or valid types if no type supplied

get_boundaries	<i>Return RPU or VPU boundaries</i>
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Description

Return RPU or VPU boundaries

Usage

get_boundaries(type = "vpu")

Arguments

type	character. Either "RPU" or "VPU"
------	----------------------------------

Value

An object of class "sf"

get_catchment_characteristics

Get Catchment Characteristics

Description

Downloads (subsets of) catchment characteristics from a cloud data store. See [get_characteristics_metadata](#) for available characteristics.

When source = "usgs" (the default), data is retrieved from: Wieczorek, M.E., Jackson, S.E., and Schwarz, G.E., 2018, Select Attributes for NHDPlus Version 2.1 Reach Catchments and Modified Network Routed Upstream Watersheds for the Conterminous United States (ver. 3.0, January 2021): U.S. Geological Survey data release, [doi:10.5066/F7765D7V](#).

When source = "streamcat", data is retrieved from the EPA StreamCat dataset via the StreamCatTools package (must be installed separately). The aoi parameter controls the area of interest for StreamCat queries.

Usage

```
get_catchment_characteristics(
  varname,
  ids,
  reference_fabric = "nhdplusv2",
  source = "usgs",
  aoi = "cat"
)
```

Arguments

varname	character vector of desired variables. If repeated varnames are provided, they will be downloaded once but duplicated in the output. For source = "streamcat", use StreamCat metric names (see <code>get_characteristics_metadata(source = "streamcat")</code>).
ids	numeric vector of identifiers (comids) from the specified fabric
reference_fabric	(not used) will be used to allow future specification of alternate reference fabrics
source	character "usgs" (default) or "streamcat".
aoi	character area of interest for StreamCat queries. One of "cat" (local catchment, default), "ws" (total upstream watershed), "catrp100" (catchment riparian 100m buffer), "wsrp100" (watershed riparian 100m buffer), or "other" (for metrics like BankfullDepth, IWI, etc.). Ignored when source = "usgs" where the area of interest is encoded in the variable name prefix (e.g. CAT_, TOT_, ACC_).

```
get_characteristics_metadata
```

Get catchment characteristics metadata table

Description

Download and cache table of catchment characteristics.

When source = "usgs" (the default), returns metadata from: Wieczorek, M.E., Jackson, S.E., and Schwarz, G.E., 2018, Select Attributes for NHDPlus Version 2.1 Reach Catchments and Modified Network Routed Upstream Watersheds for the Conterminous United States (ver. 3.0, January 2021): U.S. Geological Survey data release, [doi:10.5066/F7765D7V](https://doi.org/10.5066/F7765D7V).

When source = "streamcat", returns metric metadata from the EPA StreamCat dataset accessed via the StreamCatTools package (must be installed separately): Weber, Marc H, Hill, Ryan A., Brookes, Allen F. 2024, StreamCatTools: Tools to work with the StreamCat API within R and access the full suite of StreamCat and LakeCat metrics, <https://usepa.github.io/StreamCatTools>

Usage

```
get_characteristics_metadata(search, source = "usgs", cache = TRUE)
```

Arguments

search	character string of length 1 to free search the metadata table. If no search term is provided the entire table is returned.
source	character "usgs" (default) or "streamcat".
cache	logical should cached metadata be used?

```
get_DD
```

Navigate Downstream with Diversions

Description

Traverse NHDPlus network downstream with diversions NOTE: This algorithm may not scale well in large watersheds. For reference, the lower Mississippi will take over a minute.

Usage

```
get_DD(network, comid, distance = NULL)
```

Arguments

network	data.frame NHDPlus flowlines including at a minimum: COMID, DnMinorHyd, DnHydroseq, and Hydroseq.
comid	integer identifier to start navigating from.
distance	numeric distance in km to limit how many COMIDs are returned. The COMID that exceeds the distance specified is returned. The longest of the diverted paths is used for limiting distance.

Value

integer vector of all COMIDs downstream of the starting COMID

get_DM

Navigate Downstream Mainstem

Description

Traverse NHDPlus network downstream main stem

Usage

```
get_DM(network, comid, distance = NULL, sort = FALSE, include = TRUE)
```

Arguments

network	data.frame NHDPlus flowlines including at a minimum: COMID, LENGTHKM, DnHydroseq, and Hydroseq.
comid	integer identifier to start navigating from.
distance	numeric distance in km to limit how many COMIDs are returned. The COMID that exceeds the distance specified is returned.
sort	if TRUE, the returned COMID vector will be sorted in order of distance from the input COMID (nearest to farthest)
include	if TRUE, the input COMID will be included in the returned COMID vector

Value

integer vector of all COMIDs downstream of the starting COMID along the mainstem

get_drainage_area_estimates

Estimate drainage area from HUC and catchment data

Description

Combines HUC12 areas upstream of HUC outlets with NHDPlusV2 catchment areas for the portion of the basin between the outlet and HUC12 outlets to produce a drainage area estimate. Non-contributing areas captured in HUC12 boundaries are included.

Usage

```
get_drainage_area_estimates(
  start,
  catchments = FALSE,
  nhdplushr = TRUE,
  local_navigation = FALSE,
  huc12_data = NULL,
  huc12_outlets = NULL,
  waterbody_data = NULL,
  catchment_data = NULL,
  HU_inclusion_override = NULL,
  outlet_split_threshold_m = 100
)
```

Arguments

start	list with featureSource and featureID compatible with get_nldi_feature .
catchments	logical. If TRUE, fetch and return NHDPlusV2 catchment polygons for the full upstream network. Default FALSE.
nhdplushr	logical. If TRUE (the default), compute a drainage area estimate from NHD-PlusHR catchments. Set to FALSE to skip this step, which avoids the HR web service calls and speeds up computation.
local_navigation	logical. If TRUE, use get_vaa for network navigation and flowline attributes instead of NLDI/OGC API web services. Only HUC12 pour points are fetched from the NLDI. Default FALSE.
huc12_data	sf data.frame or NULL. In-memory HUC12 polygon table to use instead of fetching from web services. Column names are lowercased internally; must include at minimum huc_12 and ncontrb_a (case-insensitive). When provided, all HUC12 polygon queries are resolved by subsetting this table. Default NULL (use web services).
huc12_outlets	sf data.frame, character path, or NULL. HUC12 pour points to use instead of the NLDI huc12pp service. Accepts either a preloaded sf data.frame or a path to a GPKG, which is read with read_sf . Columns COMID and FinalWBD_HUC12 are renamed to comid and identifier; any other columns are preserved. When provided, the outlets are filtered to the upstream network COMID set and no NLDI huc12pp queries are issued. Pair with local_navigation = TRUE and huc12_data to run fully offline. National CONUS outlets GPKG are available from Blodgett, D.L., 2022, Mainstem Rivers of the Conterminous United States (ver. 3.0, February 2026): U.S. Geological Survey data release, doi:10.5066/P13LNDDQ (layer hu_points). Default NULL.
waterbody_data	sf data.frame or NULL. In-memory NHDWaterbody polygon table to use instead of fetching from web services. Column names are lowercased internally; must include comid (case-insensitive). When provided and start is an sfc_POINT, the waterbody containing the point is resolved by spatial filter on this table. Default NULL (use web services).

catchment_data sf data.frame or NULL. In-memory NHDPlusV2 CatchmentSP polygon table. Column names are lowercased internally; must include `featureid` (case-insensitive). Used in three ways: (1) when `catchments = TRUE`, catchment polygons for the upstream network are subsetting from this table instead of fetched from the OGC API; (2) the gap-zone catchment polygons (between the outlet and the immediate HUC12 outlets) are subsetting from this table instead of fetched; (3) when `start` is an `sfc_POINT` and no waterbody is found, the COMID is resolved by spatial join on this table. Default NULL (use web services).

HU_inclusion_override character vector or NULL. Eight- or ten-digit HUC codes whose HUC12s should be kept even when the parent HUC outlet is not in the on-network set. Useful for regions like the Prairie Potholes where landscape-connected HUCs lack a network outlet (e.g. "10130106" in South Dakota). Default NULL (no overrides).

outlet_split_threshold_m numeric. Minimum distance in meters from the gage to the outlet of its catchment before the catchment is split. When the gage is at least this far upstream, the outlet catchment is split at the gage point and only the upstream portion is included. Default 100.

Details

By default, network navigation is performed via the NLDI web service and flowline attributes are retrieved from the NHDPlusV2 OGC API. When `local_navigation = TRUE`, the NHDPlusV2 Value Added Attributes ([get_vaa](#)) are used for network navigation instead, and only HUC12 pour points are fetched from the NLDI.

HUC drainage area is used upstream of the nearest HUC12 outlet. Between the outlet (e.g. gage) and the HUC outlet(s), catchment areas are used. For large upstream areas the largest HUC level is used to define connectedness, but drainage estimates are derived from HUC12 because that is where the non-contributing area attribute lives.

Three pairs of drainage area estimates are returned: one using only NLDI-identified HUC12s (HUC12-level), one using HUC10-level queries, and one using HUC08-level queries for basins spanning multiple HUC08s. Each pair includes a total and a contributing-only estimate derived from the `ncontrb_a` (non-contributing acres) attribute on HUC12 features.

Value

list with elements:

da_huc12_sqkm numeric. Total DA using NLDI-identified HUC12s only.

da_huc10_sqkm numeric or NA. Total DA using HUC10-level queries. NA when basin is within a single HUC10.

da_huc08_sqkm numeric or NA. Total DA using HUC08-level queries. NA when basin is within a single HUC08.

contrib_da_huc12_sqkm numeric. Contributing DA (HUC12-only).

contrib_da_huc10_sqkm numeric or NA. Contributing DA (HUC10-level).

contrib_da_huc08_sqkm numeric or NA. Contributing DA (HUC08-level).

network_da_sqkm numeric. Network-derived total DA for comparison.

nhdplushr_network_dasqkm numeric or NA. Drainage area from NHDPlusHR catchments upstream of the matched HR flowline. NA with a warning when the HR web service is unavailable or fails.

nhdplushr_boundary sfc_GEOMETRY or NULL. Dissolved boundary of upstream NHDPlusHR catchments. NULL when the HR estimate is unavailable.

start_feature sf data.frame. The resolved NLDI start feature.

hu12_by_huc12 sf data.frame. NLDI-identified upstream HUC12 polygons (EPSG:5070).

hu12_by_huc10 sf data.frame or NULL. Upstream HUC12 polygons (HUC10 query). NULL when basin is within a single HUC10.

hu12_by_huc08 sf data.frame or NULL. Upstream HUC12 polygons (HUC08 query). NULL when basin is within a single HUC08.

extra_catchments sf data.frame. Catchments between outlet and HUC12 outlets.

split_catchment sf data.frame. Split catchment at HUC12 outlet(s).

all_network data.frame. Full upstream flowline attributes.

all_catchments sf data.frame or NULL. NHDPlusV2 catchment polygons for the full upstream network. NULL when `catchments = FALSE`.

outlet_flowline_measure numeric or NULL. Flowline measure (0–100) for the gage on its outlet flowline. NULL for non-gage starts.

outlet_split_catchment sf data.frame or NULL. Split catchment at the gage point. Contains "catchment" and "splitCatchment" rows with areas. NULL when no split is needed (gage at outlet or below threshold).

hu12_outlet sf data.frame. HUC12 pour points upstream of outlet.

get_elev_along_path *Get Elevation Along Path (experimental)*

Description

Uses a cross section retrieval web services to retrieve elevation along a path.

Usage

```
get_elev_along_path(points, num_pts, res = 1, status = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>points</code>	sf data.frame containing a point column.
<code>num_pts</code>	numeric number of points to retrieve along the cross section.
<code>res</code>	integer resolution of 3D Elevation Program data to request. Must be one of: 1, 3, 5, 10, 30, 60.
<code>status</code>	logical

Value

sf data.frame containing points retrieved. Names include "id", "distance_m", "elevation_m", "spatial_ref", "geometry", and ".group". .group tracks which input point each set of output points belongs to.

get_flowline_index	<i>Get Flowline Index</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

Description

given an sf point geometry column, return COMID, reachcode, and measure for each.

Usage

```
get_flowline_index(
  flines,
  points,
  search_radius = NULL,
  precision = NA,
  max_matches = 1
)
```

Arguments

flines	sf data.frame of type LINESTRING or MULTILINESTRING including COMID, REACHCODE, ToMeas, and FromMeas. Can be "download_nhdplusv2" and remote nhdplusv2 data will be downloaded for the bounding box surround the submitted points. NOTE: The download option may not work for large areas, use with caution.
points	sf or sfc of type POINT in analysis projection. NOTE: flines will be projected to the projection of the points layer.
search_radius	units distance for the nearest neighbor search to extend in analysis projection. If missing or NULL, and points are in a lon lat projection, a default of 0.01 degree is used, otherwise 200 m is used. Conversion to the linear unit used by the provided crs of points is attempted. See RANN nn2 documentation for more details.
precision	numeric the resolution of measure precision in the output in meters.
max_matches	numeric the maximum number of matches to return if multiple are found in search_radius

Details

Note 1: Inputs are cast into LINESTRINGS. Because of this, the measure output of inputs that are true multipart lines may be in error.

Note 2: This algorithm finds the nearest node in the input flowlines to identify which flowline the point should belong to. As a second pass, it can calculate the measure to greater precision than the nearest flowline geometry node.

Note 3: Offset is returned in units consistent with the projection of the input points.

Note 4: See 'dfMaxLength' input to sf::st_segmentize() for details of handling of precision parameter.

Note 5: "from" is downstream – 0 is the outlet "to" is upstream – 100 is the inlet

Value

data.frame with five columns, id, COMID, REACHCODE, REACH_meas, and offset. id is the row or list element in the point input.

get_gagesII

Find gagesII Features

Description

Subsets the gagesII dataset by location (POINT), area (POLYGON), or set of IDs. See <doi:10.5066/P96CPHOT> for documentation of source data.

Usage

```
get_gagesII(AOI = NULL, id = NULL, t_srs = NULL, buffer = 0.5, basin = FALSE)
```

Arguments

AOI	sf (MULTI)POINT or (MULTI)POLYGON. An 'area of interest' can be provided as either a location (sf POINT) or area (sf POLYGON) in any Spatial Reference System.
id	character NWIS Gage ID(s)
t_srs	character (PROJ string or EPSG code) or numeric (EPSG code). A user specified - target -Spatial Reference System (SRS/CRS) for returned objects. Will default to the CRS of the input AOI if provided, and to 4326 for ID requests.
buffer	numeric. The amount (in meters) to buffer a POINT AOI by for an extended search. Default = 0.5
basin	logical should the gagesII basin also be returned? If True, return value will be a list with "site" and "basin" elements.

Details

The returned object(s) will have the same Spatial Reference System (SRS) as the input AOI. If a individual or set of IDs are used to query, then the default server CRS of EPSG:4326 is preserved. In all cases, a user-defined SRS can be passed to t_srs which will override all previous SRS (either input or default). All buffer and distance operations are handled internally using an EPSG:5070 Albers Equal Area projection

Value

a simple features (sf) object, or a data.frame when skip_geometry = TRUE

`get_geoconnex_reference`*get geoconnex reference feature layers*

Description

Queries the geoconnex reference feature server for features of interest.

Usage

```
get_geoconnex_reference(  
  AOI,  
  type = NULL,  
  t_srs = NULL,  
  buffer = 0.5,  
  status = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

AOI	bbox, sf polygon or point, or a URL that will return an sf object when passed to read_sf
type	character the feature type chosen from discover_geoconnex_reference
t_srs	character (PROJ string or EPSG code) or numeric (EPSG code). A user specified - target -Spatial Reference System (SRS/CRS) for returned objects. Will default to the CRS of the input AOI if provided, and to 4326 for ID requests.
buffer	numeric. The amount (in meters) to buffer a POINT AOI by for an extended search. Default = 0.5
status	boolean print status or not

Value

sf data.frame containing requested reference features

get_hr_data

Get NHDPlus HiRes Data

Description

Use to remove unwanted detail NHDPlusHR data See [get_nhdplushr](#) for examples.

Usage

```
get_hr_data(
  gdb,
  layer = NULL,
  min_size_sqkm = NULL,
  simp = NULL,
  proj = NULL,
  rename = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>gdb</code>	character path to geodatabase to get data from.
<code>layer</code>	character layer name from geodatabase found with st_layers
<code>min_size_sqkm</code>	numeric minimum basin size to be included in the output
<code>simp</code>	numeric simplification tolerance in units of projection
<code>proj</code>	a projection specification compatible with st_crs
<code>rename</code>	boolean if TRUE, nhdplusTools standard attribute values will be applied.

Value

sf data.frame containing requested data

get_huc

Find WBD HUC unit subsets

Description

Subsets WBD features by location (POINT), area (POLYGON), or set of HUC IDs.

Usage

```
get_huc(AOI = NULL, id = NULL, t_srs = NULL, buffer = 0.5, type = NULL)
```

Arguments

AOI	sf (MULTI)POINT or (MULTI)POLYGON. An 'area of interest' can be provided as either a location (sf POINT) or area (sf POLYGON) in any Spatial Reference System.
id	WBD HUC ID(s)
t_srs	character (PROJ string or EPSG code) or numeric (EPSG code). A user specified - target -Spatial Reference System (SRS/CRS) for returned objects. Will default to the CRS of the input AOI if provided, and to 4326 for ID requests.
buffer	numeric. The amount (in meters) to buffer a POINT AOI by for an extended search. Default = 0.5
type	character. Type of feature to return. If 'NULL' (default) and 'id' is provided, the HUC level is autodetected from the character length of the IDs (e.g. 2-character IDs → 'huc02', 12-character → 'huc12'). A version suffix alone (e.g. "_2020", "_nhdplusv2") can also be provided to combine autodetected HUC level with a specific version. If 'NULL' and no 'id' is provided, defaults to 'huc12'. Bare types ('huc02'-'huc12') default to the 2025 WBD version. Versioned types are also available with suffixes '_2025', '_2020', '_nhdplusv2', and '_nhdplushr' (e.g. 'huc12_nhdplusv2'). See https://api.water.usgs.gov/fabric/pygeoapi for the web service.

Details

The returned object(s) will have the same Spatial Reference System (SRS) as the input AOI. If a individual or set of IDs are used to query, then the default server CRS of EPSG:4326 is preserved. In all cases, a user-defined SRS can be passed to t_srs which will override all previous SRS (either input or default). All buffer and distance operations are handled internally using an EPSG:5070 Albers Equal Area projection

Value

a simple features (sf) object, or a data.frame when skip_geometry = TRUE

get_levelpaths	<i>Get Level Paths (DEPRECATED)</i>
----------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Calculates level paths using the stream-leveling approach of NHD and NHDPlus. In addition to a levelpath identifier, a topological sort and levelpath outlet identifier is provided in output. If arbolate sum is provided in the weight column, this will match the behavior of NHDPlus. Any numeric value can be included in this column and the largest value will be followed when no nameID is available.

Usage

get_levelpaths(x, override_factor = NULL, status = FALSE, cores = NULL)

Arguments

x	data.frame with ID, toID, nameID, and weight columns.
override_factor	numeric factor to use to override nameID. If 'weight' is 'numeric_factor' times larger on a path, it will be followed regardless of the nameID indication.
status	boolean if status updates should be printed.
cores	numeric number of cores to use in initial path ranking calculations.

Details

- 1. levelpath provides an identifier for the collection of flowlines that make up the single mainstem flowpath of a total upstream aggregate catchment.
- 2. outletID is the catchment ID (COMID in the case of NHDPlus) for the catchment at the outlet of the levelpath the catchment is part of.
- 3. topo_sort is similar to Hydroseq in NHDPlus in that large topo_sort values are upstream of small topo_sort values. Note that there are many valid topological sort orders of a directed graph.

Value

data.frame with ID, outletID, topo_sort, and levelpath columns. See details for more info.

get_nhdarea	<i>Find NHDPlusV2 Areas</i>
-------------	-----------------------------

Description

Subsets NHDPlusV2 Area features by location (POINT), area (POLYGON), or set of IDs. See [download_nhdplusv2](#) for source data documentation.

Usage

get_nhdarea(AOI = NULL, id = NULL, t_srs = NULL, buffer = 0.5)

Arguments

AOI	sf (MULTI)POINT or (MULTI)POLYGON. An 'area of interest' can be provided as either a location (sf POINT) or area (sf POLYGON) in any Spatial Reference System.
id	NHD Area COMID(s)
t_srs	character (PROJ string or EPSG code) or numeric (EPSG code). A user specified - target -Spatial Reference System (SRS/CRS) for returned objects. Will default to the CRS of the input AOI if provided, and to 4326 for ID requests.
buffer	numeric. The amount (in meters) to buffer a POINT AOI by for an extended search. Default = 0.5

Details

The returned object(s) will have the same Spatial Reference System (SRS) as the input AOI. If a individual or set of IDs are used to query, then the default server CRS of EPSG:4326 is preserved. In all cases, a user-defined SRS can be passed to `t_srs` which will override all previous SRS (either input or default). All buffer and distance operations are handled internally using an EPSG:5070 Albers Equal Area projection

Value

a simple features (sf) object, or a data.frame when `skip_geometry = TRUE`

get_nhdphr

Get NHDPlusHR Data

Description

Calls the NHDPlus_HR web service and returns sf data.frames for the selected layers. See <https://hydro.nationalmap.gov/arcgis> for source data documentation.

Usage

```
get_nhdphr(
  AOI = NULL,
  ids = NULL,
  type = NULL,
  reachcode = NULL,
  t_srs = NULL,
  buffer = 0.5,
  page_size = 2000
)
```

Arguments

AOI	sf (MULTI)POINT or (MULTI)POLYGON. An 'area of interest' can be provided as either a location (sf POINT) or area (sf POLYGON) in any Spatial Reference System.
ids	character vector of nhdplusid ids
type	character. Type of feature to return e.g. c("networknhdflowline", "nonnetworknhdflowline", "nhdwaterbody", "nhdpluscatchment"). If NULL (default) a data.frame of available types is returned
reachcode	character vector of reachcodes NOTE: performance of this query is currently very poor, spatial queries are the primary use of this function.
t_srs	character (PROJ string or EPSG code) or numeric (EPSG code). A user specified - target -Spatial Reference System (SRS/CRS) for returned objects. Will default to the CRS of the input AOI if provided, and to 4326 for ID requests.

buffer	numeric. The amount (in meters) to buffer a POINT AOI by for an extended search. Default = 0.5
page_size	numeric default number of features to request at a time. Reducing may help if 500 errors are experienced.

Details

The returned object(s) will have the same Spatial Reference System (SRS) as the input AOI. If a individual or set of IDs are used to query, then the default CRS of EPSG:4269 is preserved. In all cases, a user-defined SRS can be passed to `t_srs` which will override all previous SRS (either input or default). All buffer and distance operations are handled internally using in EPSG:5070 Albers Equal Area projection

Value

a simple features (sf) object or valid types if no type supplied

get_nhdplus	<i>Get National Hydrography Dataset V2 Subsets (Multirealization)</i>
-------------	---

Description

Subsets NHDPlusV2 features by location (POINT), area (POLYGON), or set of COMIDs. Multi realizations are supported allowing you to query for flowlines, catchments, or outlets.

NOTE: not all flowlines have catchments and not all catchment have flowlines. Flowlines without catchments will have a 0 areasqkm attribute. Catchments without flowlines terminate in a sink and will have a negative valued comid.

Usage

```
get_nhdplus(
  AOI = NULL,
  comid = NULL,
  nwis = NULL,
  realization = "flowline",
  streamorder = NULL,
  t_srs = NULL,
  properties = NULL,
  skip_geometry = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

AOI	sf (MULTI)POINT or (MULTI)POLYGON. An 'area of interest' can be provided as either a location (sf POINT) or area (sf POLYGON) in any Spatial Reference System.
comid	numeric or character. Search for NHD features by COMID(s)

nwis	numeric or character. Search for NHD features by collocated NWIS identifiers
realization	character. What realization to return. Default is flowline and options include: outlet, flowline, catchment, and all
streamorder	numeric or character. Only return NHD flowlines with a streamorder greater than or equal to this value for input value and higher. Only usable with AOI and flowline realizations.
t_srs	character (PROJ string or EPSG code) or numeric (EPSG code). A user specified - target -Spatial Reference System (SRS/CRS) for returned objects. Will default to the CRS of the input AOI if provided, and to 4326 for ID requests.
properties	character vector. Column names to return. When NULL (default), all columns are returned.
skip_geometry	logical. If TRUE, omit geometry from the response and return a plain data.frame. Default FALSE.

Details

The returned object(s) will have the same Spatial Reference System (SRS) as the input AOI. If a individual or set of IDs are used to query, then the default server CRS of EPSG:4326 is preserved. In all cases, a user-defined SRS can be passed to `t_srs` which will override all previous SRS (either input or default). All buffer and distance operations are handled internally using an EPSG:5070 Albers Equal Area projection

Value

sfc a single, or list, of simple feature objects

get_nhdplushr	<i>Get NHDPlus HiRes</i>
---------------	--------------------------

Description

Get NHDPlus HiRes

Usage

```
get_nhdplushr(
  hr_dir,
  out_gpkg = NULL,
  layers = c("NHDFlowline", "NHDPlusCatchment"),
  pattern = ".*GDB.gdb$",
  check_terminals = TRUE,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  keep_cols = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

hr_dir	character directory with geodatabases (gdb search is recursive)
out_gpkg	character path to write output geopackage
layers	character vector with desired layers to return. c("NHDFlowline", "NHDPlusCatchment") is default. Choose from: c("NHDFlowline", "NHDPlusCatchment", "NHDWaterbody", "NHDArea", "NHDLine", "NHDPlusSink", "NHDPlusWall", "NHDPoint", "NHDPlusBurnWaterbody", "NHDPlusBurnLineEvent", "HYDRO_NET_Junctions", "WBDHU2", "WBDHU4", "WBDHU6", "WBDHU8", "WBDHU10", "WBDHU12", "WBDLine") Set to NULL to get all available.
pattern	character optional regex to select certain files in hr_dir
check_terminals	boolean if TRUE, run make_standalone on output.
overwrite	boolean should the output overwrite? If false and the output layer exists, it will be read and returned so this function will always return data even if called a second time for the same output. This is useful for workflows. Note that this will NOT delete the entire Geopackage. It will overwrite on a per layer basis.
keep_cols	character vector of column names to keep in the output. If NULL, all will be kept.
...	parameters passed along to get_hr_data for "NHDFlowline" layers.

Details

NHDFlowline is joined to value added attributes prior to being returned. Names are not modified from the NHDPlusHR geodatabase. Set layers to "NULL" to get all layers.

Value

sf data.frames containing output that may also be written to a geopackage for later use.

get_nldi_basin	<i>Get NLDI Basin Boundary</i>
----------------	--------------------------------

Description

Get a basin boundary for a given NLDI feature.

Usage

```
get_nldi_basin(nldi_feature, simplify = TRUE, split = FALSE)
```

Arguments

nldi_feature	list with names 'featureSource' and 'featureID' where 'featureSource' is derived from the "source" column of the response of get_nldi_sources and the 'featureID' is a known identifier from the specified 'featureSource'.
simplify	logical should response geometry be simplified for visualization and performance?
split	logical should response resolve precisely to the location of the 'nldi_feature'? Setting 'TRUE' calls an additional service and will be slower and less robust.

Details

Only resolves to the nearest NHDPlus catchment divide. See: <https://waterdata.usgs.gov/blog/nldi-intro/> for more info on the nldi.

Value

sf data.frame with result basin boundary

get_nldi_feature	<i>Get NLDI Feature</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Get a single feature from the NLDI

Usage

```
get_nldi_feature(nldi_feature)
```

Arguments

nldi_feature	list with names 'featureSource' and 'featureID' where 'featureSource' is derived from the "source" column of the response of get_nldi_sources and the 'featureID' is a known identifier from the specified 'featureSource'.
--------------	---

Value

sf data.frame with one feature

get_nldi_index	<i>Get NLDI Index</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

uses the Network Linked Data Index to retrieve and estimated network location for the given point. If not within a grid cell of a flowline, will use a raindrop trace service to find the nearest downslope flowline location.

Usage

get_nldi_index(location)

Arguments

location numeric WGS84 lon/lat pair (X, Y)

get_nwis	<i>Discover USGS NWIS Stream Gages</i>
----------	--

Description

Returns a POINT feature class of active, stream network, NWIS gages for an Area of Interest. If a POINT feature is used as an AOI, then the returned sites within the requested buffer, are sorted by distance (in meters) from that POINT.

Usage

get_nwis(AOI = NULL, t_srs = NULL, buffer = 20000)

Arguments

AOI	sf (MULTI)POINT or (MULTI)POLYGON. An 'area of interest' can be provided as either a location (sf POINT) or area (sf POLYGON) in any Spatial Reference System.
t_srs	character (PROJ string or EPSG code) or numeric (EPSG code). A user specified - target -Spatial Reference System (SRS/CRS) for returned objects. Will default to the CRS of the input AOI if provided, and to 4326 for ID requests.
buffer	numeric. The amount (in meters) to buffer a POINT AOI by for an extended search. Default = 20,000. Returned results are arrange by distance from POINT AOI

Details

The returned object(s) will have the same Spatial Reference System (SRS) as the input AOI. If a individual or set of IDs are used to query, then the default server CRS of EPSG:4326 is preserved. In all cases, a user-defined SRS can be passed to `t_srs` which will override all previous SRS (either input or default). All buffer and distance operations are handled internally using an EPSG:5070 Albers Equal Area projection

Value

a simple features (sf) object, or a data.frame when `skip_geometry = TRUE`

get_pathlength	<i>Get Path Length</i>
----------------	------------------------

Description

Generates the main path length to a basin's terminal path.

Usage

```
get_pathlength(x)
```

Arguments

`x` data.frame with ID, toID, length columns.

Value

data.frame containing pathlength for each ID

get_path_lengths	<i>Get Path Lengths (DEPRECATED)</i>
------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Given a network and set of IDs, finds path lengths between all identified flowpath outlets. This algorithm finds distance between outlets regardless of flow direction.

Usage

```
get_path_lengths(outlets, network, cores = 1, status = FALSE)
```

Arguments

outlets	vector of IDs from data.frame
network	data.frame with ID, toID, and lengthkm attributes.
cores	integer number of cores to use for parallel computation.
status	logical print status and progress bars?

Value

data.frame containing the distance between pairs of network outlets. For a network with one terminal outlet, the data.frame will have `'nrow(network)^2'` rows.

get_path_members	<i>Get Path Members (DEPRECATED)</i>
------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Given a network and set of IDs, finds paths between all identified flowpath outlets. This algorithm finds members between outlets regardless of flow direction.

Usage

```
get_path_members(outlets, network, cores = 1, status = FALSE)
```

Arguments

outlets	vector of IDs from data.frame
network	data.frame with ID, toID, and lengthkm attributes.
cores	integer number of cores to use for parallel computation.
status	logical print status and progress bars?

Value

list of lists containing flowpath identifiers along path that connect outlets.

get_pfaf	<i>Get Pfafstetter Codes (DEPRECATED)</i>
----------	---

Description

Determines Pfafstetter codes for a dendritic network with total drainage area, levelpath, and topo_sort attributes.

Usage

```
get_pfaf(x, max_level = 2, status = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	sf data.frame with ID, toID, totda, outletID, topo_sort, and levelpath attributes.
max_level	integer number of pfaf levels to attempt to calculate. If the network doesn't have resolution to support the desired level, unexpected behavior may occur.
status	boolean print status or not

Value

data.frame with ID and pfaf columns.

get_raindrop_trace	<i>Get Raindrop Trace</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

Description

Uses a raindrop trace web service to trace the nhdplus digital elevation model to the nearest downslope flowline.

Usage

```
get_raindrop_trace(point, direction = "down")
```

Arguments

point	sf POINT including crs as created by: <code>sf::st_sfc(sf::st_point(...), crs)</code>
direction	character "up", "down", or "none". Controls the portion of the split flowline that is returned along with the raindrop trace line.

Value

sf data.frame containing raindrop trace and requested portion of flowline.

get_sorted	<i>Get Sorted Network</i>
------------	---------------------------

Description

given a tree with an id and and toid in the first and second columns, returns a sorted and potentially split set of output.

Can also be used as a very fast implementation of upstream with tributaries navigation. The full network from each outlet is returned in sorted order.

Usage

```
get_sorted(x, split = FALSE, outlets = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame with an identifier and to identifier in the first and second columns.
split	logical if TRUE, the result will be split into independent networks identified by the id of their outlet. The outlet id of each independent network is added as a "terminalID" attribute.
outlets	same as id in x; if specified only the network emanating from these outlets will be considered and returned.

Value

data.frame containing a topologically sorted version of the requested network and optionally a terminal id.

get_split_catchment	<i>Get split catchment</i>
---------------------	----------------------------

Description

Uses a catchment splitting web service to retrieve the portion of a catchment upstream of the point provided.

Usage

```
get_split_catchment(point, upstream = TRUE)
```

Arguments

point	scf POINT including crs as created by: <code>sf::st_sfc(sf::st_point(...), crs)</code> .
upstream	logical If TRUE, the entire drainage basin upstream of the point provided is returned in addition to the local catchment.

Details

This service works within the coterminous US NHDPlusV2 domain. If the point provided falls on an NHDPlusV2 flowline as retrieved from [get_raindrop_trace](#) the catchment will be split across the flow line. IF the point is not along the flowline a small sub catchment will typically result. As a result, most users of this function will want to use [get_raindrop_trace](#) prior to calls to this function.

An attempt is made to eliminate polygon shards if they exist in the output. However, there is a chance that this function will return a multipolygon data.frame.

Value

sf data.frame containing the local catchment, the split portion and optionally the total drainage basin.

get_streamlevel	<i>Get Streamlevel</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Applies a topological sort and calculates stream level. Algorithm: Terminal level paths are assigned level 1 (see note 1). Paths that terminate at a level 1 are assigned level 2. This pattern is repeated until no paths remain.

If a TRUE/FALSE coastal attribute is included, coastal terminal paths begin at 1 and internal terminal paths begin at 4 as is implemented by the NHD stream leveling rules.

Usage

```
get_streamlevel(x)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame with levelpathi, dnlevelpat, and optionally a coastal flag. If no coastal flag is included, all terminal paths are assumed to be coastal.
---	--

Value

numeric stream order in same order as input

get_streamorder	<i>Get Streamorder</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Applies a topological sort and calculates strahler stream order. Algorithm: If more than one upstream flowpath has an order equal to the maximum upstream order then the downstream flowpath is assigned the maximum upstream order plus one. Otherwise it is assigned the max upstream order.

Usage

```
get_streamorder(x, status = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame with dendritic ID and toID columns.
status	logical show progress update messages?

Value

numeric stream order in same order as input

get_terminal	<i>Get Terminal ID (DEPRECATED)</i>
--------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Get the ID of the basin outlet for each flowline. This function has been deprecated in favor of get_sorted.

Usage

```
get_terminal(x, outlets)
```

Arguments

x	two column data.frame with IDs and toIDs. Names are ignored.
outlets	IDs of outlet flowlines

Value

data.frame containing the terminal ID for each outlet

get_tocomid

Get tocomid

Description

Given flowlines with fromnode and tonode attributes, will return a toid attribute that is the result of joining tonode and fromnode attributes. In the case that a terminalpa attribute is included, the join is executed by terminalpa group. This is done grouped by terminalpathID because duplicate node ids have been encountered across basins in some datasets. If 'remove_coastal' is 'TRUE' (the default) either ftype or fcode are required. Uses the [add_toids](#) function.

Usage

```
get_tocomid(
  x,
  return_dendritic = TRUE,
  missing = 0,
  remove_coastal = TRUE,
  add = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame with comid, tonode, fromnode, and (optionally) divergence and terminalpa attributes.
return_dendritic	logical if TRUE, a divergence attribute is required (2 indicates diverted path, 1 is main) and diverted paths will be treated as headwaters. If this is FALSE, the return value is a data.frame including the comid and tocomid attributes.
missing	integer value to use for terminal nodes.
remove_coastal	logical remove coastal features prior to generating tocomid values? ftype or fcode are required if 'TRUE'. fcode == 56600 or fcode == "Coastline" will be removed.
add	logical if TRUE, a tocomid column will be added, otherwise a data.frame with two columns will be returned.

Value

data.frame containing comid and tocomid attributes or all attributes provided with comid and tocomid in the first and second columns..

get_UM	<i>Navigate Upstream Mainstem</i>
--------	-----------------------------------

Description

Traverse NHDPlus network upstream main stem

Usage

```
get_UM(network, comid, distance = NULL, sort = FALSE, include = TRUE)
```

Arguments

network	data.frame NHDPlus flowlines including at a minimum: COMID, Pathlength, LevelPathI, and Hydroseq.
comid	integer identifier to start navigating from.
distance	numeric distance in km to limit how many COMIDs are
sort	if TRUE, the returned COMID vector will be sorted in order of distance from the input COMID (nearest to farthest)
include	if TRUE, the input COMID will be included in the returned COMID vector returned. The COMID that exceeds the distance specified is returned.

Value

integer vector of all COMIDs upstream of the starting COMID along the mainstem

get_UT	<i>Navigate Upstream with Tributaries</i>
--------	---

Description

Traverse NHDPlus network upstream with tributaries

Usage

```
get_UT(network, comid, distance = NULL)
```

Arguments

network	data.frame NHDPlus flowlines including at a minimum: COMID, Pathlength, LENGTHKM, and Hydroseq.
comid	integer Identifier to start navigating from.
distance	numeric distance in km to limit how many COMIDs are returned. The COMID that exceeds the distance specified is returned.

Value

integer vector of all COMIDs upstream with tributaries of the starting COMID.

get_vaa

NHDPlusV2 Attribute Subset

Description

Return requested NHDPlusV2 Attributes.

Usage

```
get_vaa(  
  atts = NULL,  
  path = get_vaa_path(),  
  download = TRUE,  
  updated_network = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

atts	character The variable names you would like, always includes comid
path	character path where the file should be saved. Default is a persistent system data as retrieved by nhdplusTools_data_dir . Also see: get_vaa_path
download	logical if TRUE, the default, will download VAA table if not found at path.
updated_network	logical default FALSE. If TRUE, updated network attributes from E2NHD and National Water Model retrieved from doi:10.5066/P976XCVT .

Details

The VAA data is a aggregate table of information from the NHDPlusV2 elevslope.dbf(s), PlusFlow-lineVAA.dbf(s); and NHDFlowlines. All data originates from the EPA NHDPlus Homepage [here](#). To see the location of cached data on your machine use [get_vaa_path](#). To view aggregate data and documentation, see [here](#)

Value

data.frame containing requested VAA data

get_vaa_names	<i>Available NHDPlusV2 Attributes</i>
---------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Find variables available from the NHDPlusV2 attribute data.frame

Usage

```
get_vaa_names(updated_network = FALSE)
```

Arguments

updated_network

logical default FALSE. If TRUE, updated network attributes from E2NHD and National Water Model retrieved from [doi:10.5066/P976XCVT](https://doi.org/10.5066/P976XCVT).

Details

The VAA data is a aggregate table of information from the NHDPlusV2 elevslope.dbf(s), PlusFlow-lineVAA.dbf(s); and NHDFlowlines. All data originates from the EPA NHDPlus Homepage [here](#). To see the location of cached data on your machine use [get_vaa_path](#). To view aggregate data and documentation, see [here](#)

Value

character vector

get_vaa_path	<i>File path to value added attribute (vaa) Cache</i>
--------------	---

Description

nhdplusTools will download and cache an 'fst' file with NHDPlusV2 attribute data sans geometry. This function returns the file path to the cached file. Will use the user data dir indicated by [nhdplusTools_data_dir](#).

Usage

```
get_vaa_path(updated_network = FALSE)
```

Arguments

updated_network

logical default FALSE. If TRUE, returns path to updated network parameters. See [get_vaa](#) for more.

Details

The VAA data is a aggregate table of information from the NHDPlusV2 elevslope.dbf(s), PlusFlow-lineVAA.dbf(s); and NHDFlowlines. All data originates from the EPA NHDPlus Homepage [here](#). To see the location of cached data on your machine use [get_vaa_path](#). To view aggregate data and documentation, see [here](#)

Value

character file path

Examples

```
get_vaa_path()

get_vaa_path(updated_network = TRUE)
```

get_waterbodies	<i>Find NHDPlusV2 Water Bodies</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

Description

Subsets NHDPlusV2 waterbody features by location (POINT), area (POLYGON), or set of IDs. See [download_nhdplusv2](#) for source data documentation.

Usage

```
get_waterbodies(AOI = NULL, id = NULL, t_srs = NULL, buffer = 0.5)
```

Arguments

AOI	sf (MULTI)POINT or (MULTI)POLYGON. An 'area of interest' can be provided as either a location (sf POINT) or area (sf POLYGON) in any Spatial Reference System.
id	NHD Waterbody COMID(s)
t_srs	character (PROJ string or EPSG code) or numeric (EPSG code). A user specified - target -Spatial Reference System (SRS/CRS) for returned objects. Will default to the CRS of the input AOI if provided, and to 4326 for ID requests.
buffer	numeric. The amount (in meters) to buffer a POINT AOI by for an extended search. Default = 0.5

Details

The returned object(s) will have the same Spatial Reference System (SRS) as the input AOI. If a individual or set of IDs are used to query, then the default server CRS of EPSG:4326 is preserved. In all cases, a user-defined SRS can be passed to t_srs which will override all previous SRS (either input or default). All buffer and distance operations are handled internally using an EPSG:5070 Albers Equal Area projection

Value

a simple features (sf) object, or a data.frame when skip_geometry = TRUE

get_waterbody_index	<i>Get Waterbody Index</i>
---------------------	----------------------------

Description

given an sf point geometry column, return waterbody id, and COMID of dominant artificial path

Usage

```
get_waterbody_index(waterbodies, points, flines = NULL, search_radius = NULL)
```

Arguments

- waterbodies sf data.frame of type POLYGON or MULTIPOLYGON including COMID attributes.
- points sfc of type POINT
- flines sf data.frame of type LINESTRING or MULTILINESTRING including COMID, WBAREACOMI, and Hydroseq attributes
- search_radius units class with a numeric value indicating how far to search for a waterbody boundary in units of provided projection. Set units with [set_units](#).

Value

data.frame with two columns, COMID, in_wb_COMID, near_wb_COMID, near_wb_dist, and outlet_line_COMID. Distance is in units of provided projection.

get_wb_outlet	<i>Get Waterbody Outlet</i>
---------------	-----------------------------

Description

Get Waterbody Outlet

Usage

```
get_wb_outlet(lake_id, network)
```

Arguments

- lake_id integer COMID (or character permanent identifier for hi res) of lake.
- network data.frame of network features containing wbareacomi, and Hydroseq

Value

sf data.frame with single record of network COMID associated with most-downstream reach in the NHD Waterbody

get_xs_point	<i>Get Cross Section From Point (experimental)</i>
--------------	--

Description

Uses a cross section retrieval web services to retrieve a cross section given a point and specified width. Orientation is determined based on direction of a the flowline found near point. This function uses a 10m National Elevation Dataset request on the back end.

Usage

```
get_xs_point(point, width, num_pts)
```

Arguments

point	sf POINT including crs as created by: <code>sf::st_sfc(sf::st_point(...), crs)</code> .
width	Cross section width in meters.
num_pts	numeric number of points to retrieve along the cross section.

Value

sf data.frame containing points retrieved.

get_xs_points	<i>Get Cross Section Endpoints (experimental)</i>
---------------	---

Description

Uses a cross section retrieval web services to retrieve a cross section between two endpoints.

Usage

```
get_xs_points(point1, point2, num_pts, res = 1)
```

Arguments

point1	sf POINT including crs as created by: <code>sf::st_sfc(sf::st_point(...), crs)</code>
point2	sf POINT including crs.
num_pts	numeric number of points to retrieve along the cross section.
res	integer resolution of 3D Elevation Program data to request. Must be on of: 1, 3, 5, 10, 30, 60.

Value

sf data.frame containing points retrieved.

make_node_topology	<i>get node topology from edge topology (DEPRECATED)</i>
--------------------	--

Description

creates a node topology table from an edge topology

Usage

```
make_node_topology(x, add_div = NULL, add = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame with an identifier and to identifier in the first and second columns.
add_div	data.frame containing id and toid diverted paths to add. Should have id and toid fields in the first and second columns. Names are not used.
add	logical if TRUE, a tocomid column will be added, otherwise a data.frame with two columns will be returned.

Value

data.frame containing id, fromnode, and tonode attributes or all attributes provided with id, fromnode and tonode in the first three columns.

make_standalone	<i>Make isolated NHDPlusHR region a standalone dataset</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Cleans up and prepares NHDPlusHR regional data for use as complete NHDPlus data. The primary modification applied is to ensure that any flowpath that exits the domain is labeled as a terminal path and attributes are propagated upstream such that the domain is independently complete.

Usage

```
make_standalone(flowlines)
```

Arguments

flowlines	sf data.frame of NHDPlusHR flowlines.
-----------	---------------------------------------

Value

sf data.frame containing standalone network

map_nhdplus

*Make Interactive Map of NHDPlus***Description**

Given a list of outlets, get their basin boundaries and network and return a leaflet map in EPSG:4326.

Usage

```
map_nhdplus(
  outlets = NULL,
  bbox = NULL,
  streamorder = NULL,
  nhdplus_data = NULL,
  gpkg = NULL,
  flowline_only = NULL,
  plot_config = NULL,
  overwrite = TRUE,
  cache_data = NULL,
  return_map = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

outlets	list of nldi outlets. Other inputs are coerced into nldi outlets, see details.
bbox	object of class bbox with a defined crs. See examples.
streamorder	integer only streams of order greater than or equal will be returned
nhdplus_data	geopackage containing source nhdplus data (omit to download)
gpkg	path and file with .gpkg ending. If omitted, no file is written.
flowline_only	boolean only subset and plot flowlines only, default=FALSE
plot_config	list containing plot configuration, see details.
overwrite	passed on the subset_nhdplus .
cache_data	character path to rds file where all plot data can be cached. If file doesn't exist, it will be created. If set to FALSE, all caching will be turned off – this includes basemap tiles.
return_map	if FALSE (default), a data.frame of plot data is returned invisibly in NAD83 Lat/Lon, if TRUE the leaflet object is returned

Details

map_nhdplus supports several input specifications. An unexported function "as_outlet" is used to convert the outlet formats as described below.

1. if outlets is omitted, the bbox input is required and all nhdplus data in the bounding box is plotted.

2. If outlets is a list of integers, it is assumed to be NHDPlus IDs (comids) and all upstream tributaries are plotted.
3. if outlets is an integer vector, it is assumed to be all NHDPlus IDs (comids) that should be plotted. Allows custom filtering.
4. If outlets is a character vector, it is assumed to be NWIS site ids.
5. if outlets is a list containing only characters, it is assumed to be a list of nldi features and all upstream tributaries are plotted.
6. if outlets is a data.frame with point geometry, a point in polygon match is performed and upstream with tributaries from the identified catchments is plotted.

See [plot_nhdplus](#) for details on plot configuration.

Value

data.frame or leaflet map (see return_map)

navigate_network	<i>Navigate Network</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Provides a full feature network navigation function that will work with local or web service data. Parameter details provide context.

Usage

```
navigate_network(
  start,
  mode = "UM",
  network = NULL,
  output = "flowlines",
  distance_km = 10,
  trim_start = FALSE,
  trim_stop = FALSE,
  trim_tolerance = 5
)
```

Arguments

start	list, integer, sf, or sfc if list must be a valid NLDI feature if integer must be a valid comid. If sf, must contain a "comid" field.
mode	character chosen from c(UM, DM, UT, or DD)
network	sf should be compatible with network navigation functions If NULL, network will be derived from requests to the NLDI
output	character flowline or a valid NLDI data source

distance_km	numeric distance to navigate in km
trim_start	logical should start be trimmed or include entire catchment?
trim_stop	logical should stop(s) be trimmed or include entire catchment(s)? # Not supported
trim_tolerance	numeric from 0 to 100 percent of flowline length. If amount to trim is less than this tolerance, no trim will be applied.

navigate_nldi	<i>Navigate NLDI</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

Navigate the Network Linked Data Index network.

Usage

```
navigate_nldi(
  nldi_feature,
  mode = "upstreamMain",
  data_source = "flowlines",
  distance_km = 10
)
```

Arguments

nldi_feature	list with names 'featureSource' and 'featureID' where 'featureSource' is derived from the "source" column of the response of get_nldi_sources and the 'featureID' is a known identifier from the specified 'featureSource'.
mode	character chosen from ("UM", "UT", "DM", "DD"). See examples.
data_source	character chosen from "source" column of the response of get_nldi_sources or empty string for flowline geometry.
distance_km	numeric distance in km to stop navigating.

Value

sf data.frame with result

```
nhdplusTools_cache_settings
```

nhdplusTools cache settings

Description

Provides an interface to adjust nhdplusTools ‘memoise’ cache.

Mode and timeout can also be set using environment variables. ‘NHDPLUSTOOLS_MEMOISE_CACHE’ and ‘NHDPLUSTOOLS_MEMOISE_TIMEOUT’ are used unless overridden with this function.

Usage

```
nhdplusTools_cache_settings(mode = NULL, timeout = NULL)
```

Arguments

mode	character ‘memory’ or ‘filesystem’
timeout	numeric number of seconds until caches invalidate

Value

list containing settings at time of calling. If inputs are NULL, current settings. If settings are altered, previous setting values.

```
nhdplusTools_data_dir
```

Get or set nhdplusTools data directory

Description

if left unset, will return the user data dir as returned by ‘tools::R_user_dir’ for this package.

Usage

```
nhdplusTools_data_dir(dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

dir	path of desired data directory
-----	--------------------------------

Value

character path of data directory (silent when setting)

Examples

```
nhdplusTools_data_dir()

nhdplusTools_data_dir("demo")

nhdplusTools_data_dir(tools::R_user_dir("nhdplusTools"))
```

nhdplus_path	<i>NHDPlus Data Path</i>
--------------	--------------------------

Description

Allows specification of a custom path to a source dataset. Typically this will be the national seamless dataset in geodatabase or geopackage format.

Usage

```
nhdplus_path(path = NULL, warn = FALSE)
```

Arguments

path	character path ending in .gdb or .gpkg
warn	boolean controls whether warning and status messages are printed

Value

0 (invisibly) if set successfully, character path if no input.

Examples

```
nhdplus_path("/data/NHDPlusV21_National_Seamless.gdb")

nhdplus_path("/data/NHDPlusV21_National_Seamless.gdb", warn=FALSE)

nhdplus_path()
```

plot_nhdplus

*Plot NHDPlus***Description**

Given a list of outlets, get their basin boundaries and network and return a plot in EPSG:3857 Web Mercator Projection.

Usage

```
plot_nhdplus(
  outlets = NULL,
  bbox = NULL,
  streamorder = NULL,
  nhdplus_data = NULL,
  gpkg = NULL,
  plot_config = NULL,
  basemap = "Esri.NatGeoWorldMap",
  zoom = NULL,
  add = FALSE,
  actually_plot = TRUE,
  overwrite = TRUE,
  flowline_only = NULL,
  cache_data = NULL
)
```

Arguments

outlets	list of nldi outlets. Other inputs are coerced into nldi outlets, see details.
bbox	object of class bbox with a defined crs. See examples.
streamorder	integer only streams of order greater than or equal will be returned
nhdplus_data	geopackage containing source nhdplus data (omit to download)
gpkg	path and file with .gpkg ending. If omitted, no file is written.
plot_config	list containing plot configuration, see details.
basemap	character indicating which basemap type to use. Chose from: get_tiles .
zoom	integer passed on to get_tiles . This value will override the default set by the package.
add	boolean should this plot be added to an already built map.
actually_plot	boolean actually draw the plot? Use to get data subset only.
overwrite	passed on the subset_nhdplus .
flowline_only	boolean only subset and plot flowlines only, default=FALSE
cache_data	character path to rds file where all plot data can be cached. If file doesn't exist, it will be created. If set to FALSE, all caching will be turned off – this includes basemap tiles.

Details

plot_nhdplus supports several input specifications. An unexported function "as_outlet" is used to convert the outlet formats as described below.

1. if outlets is omitted, the bbox input is required and all nhdplus data in the bounding box is plotted.
2. If outlets is a list of integers, it is assumed to be NHDPlus IDs (comids) and all upstream tributaries are plotted.
3. if outlets is an integer vector, it is assumed to be all NHDPlus IDs (comids) that should be plotted. Allows custom filtering.
4. If outlets is a character vector, it is assumed to be NWIS site ids.
5. if outlets is a list containing only characters, it is assumed to be a list of nldi features and all upstream tributaries are plotted.
6. if outlets is a data.frame with point geometry, a point in polygon match is performed and upstream with tributaries from the identified catchments is plotted.

The plot_config parameter is a list with names "basin", "flowline", "outlets", "network_wtbd", and "off_network_wtbd". The following shows the defaults that can be altered.

1. basin

```
list(lwd = 1, col = NA, border = "black")
```

2. flowline

```
list(lwd = 1, col = "blue")
```

3. outlets

```
list(default = list(col = "black", border = NA, pch = 19, cex = 1),
      nwissite = list(col = "grey40", border = NA, pch = 17, cex = 1),
      huc12pp = list(col = "white", border = "black", pch = 22, cex = 1),
      wqp = list(col = "red", border = NA, pch = 20, cex = 1))
```

4. network_wtbd list(lwd = 1, col = "lightblue", border = "black")

5. off_network_wtbd list(lwd = 1, col = "darkblue", border = "black")

If adding additional layers to the plot, data must be projected to EPSG:3857 with 'sf::st_transform(x, 3857)' prior to adding to the plot.

Value

data.frame plot data is returned invisibly in NAD83 Lat/Lon.

prepare_nhdplus	<i>Prep NHDPlus Data</i>
-----------------	--------------------------

Description

Function to prep NHDPlus data for use by nhdplusTools functions

Usage

```
prepare_nhdplus(
  flines,
  min_network_size = 0,
  min_path_length = 0,
  min_path_size = 0,
  purge_non_dendritic = TRUE,
  warn = TRUE,
  error = TRUE,
  skip_toCOMID = FALSE,
  align_names = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

flines	data.frame NHDPlus flowlines including: COMID, LENGTHKM, FTYPE (or FCODE), TerminalFl, FromNode, ToNode, TotDASqKM, StartFlag, StreamOrde, StreamCalc, TerminalPa, Pathlength, and Divergence variables.
min_network_size	numeric Minimum size (sqkm) of drainage network to include in output.
min_path_length	numeric Minimum length (km) of terminal level path of a network.
min_path_size	numeric Minimum size (sqkm) of outlet level path of a drainage basin. Drainage basins with an outlet drainage area smaller than this will be removed.
purge_non_dendritic	logical Should non dendritic paths be removed or not.
warn	logical controls whether warning an status messages are printed
error	logical controls whether to return potentially invalid data with a warning rather than an error
skip_toCOMID	logical if TRUE, toCOMID will not be added to output.
align_names	logical

Value

data.frame ready to be used with the refactor_flowlines function.

rescale_catchment_characteristics

Rescale Catchment Characteristics

Description

Given catchment characteristics to retrieve or process will aggregate and / or split the characteristics according to a lookup table.

Usage

```
rescale_catchment_characteristics(
  vars,
  lookup_table,
  refactored_areas = NULL,
  catchment_characteristics = NULL,
  catchment_areas = NULL,
  source = "usgs",
  aoi = "cat"
)
```

Arguments

vars	data.frame containing 'characteristic_id' retrieved from get_characteristics_metadata and 'summary_statistic' indicating which summary statistic should be applied to rescale each characteristic. Accepted values are "sum," "length_weighted_mean," "area_weighted_mean," "min," and "max."
lookup_table	data.frame containing 'id' numeric vector of identifiers at the desired scale; "comid" is a numeric vector of NHDPlusV2 identifiers; "member_comid" contains formatted NHDPlusV2 COMIDs indicating that the catchments in question need to be split. If catchments have not been split, the columns "comid" and "member_comid" should be identical.
refactored_areas	data.frame containing columns "featureid" and "areasqkm." Used to retrieve adjusted catchment areas in the case of split catchments. If not provided, either no split catchments can be considered or the 'catchment_areas' parameter is required.
catchment_characteristics	data.frame containing columns "characteristic_id", "comid", "characteristic_value", and "percent_nodata". If not provided, it will be retrieved from get_catchment_characteristics using the characteristic ids from 'vars' and the comids from 'lookup_table'.
catchment_areas	data.frame containing columns "comid", "areasqkm", "split_catchment_areasqkm", and "split_area_prop". If not provided, it will be retrieved from 'refactored_areas' and/or get_vaa .

source	character "usgs" (default) or "streamcat". Passed through to get_catchment_characteristics when catchment_characteristics is not provided.
aoi	character area of interest, passed through to get_catchment_characteristics when catchment_characteristics is not provided. See get_catchment_characteristics for details.

Details

NOTE: Since this algorithm works on catchment characteristics that are spatial averages, when splitting, the average condition is apportioned evenly to each split. In some cases, such as with land cover or elevation, this may not be appropriate and source data should be used to derive new characteristics. In addition, this function handles catchment areas for split catchments but makes no adjustments for the length of flowlines in those catchments. Therefore, requests for length-weighted mean values may not be appropriate when working with split catchments.

rpu_boundaries	<i>RPU Boundaries Raster Processing Unit boundaries</i>
----------------	---

Description

RPU Boundaries Raster Processing Unit boundaries

Usage

rpu_boundaries

Format

An object of class "sf"

subset_nhdplus	<i>Subset NHDPlus</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

Saves a subset of the National Seamless database or other nhdplusTools compatible data based on a specified collection of COMIDs. This function uses [get_nhdplus](#) for the "download" data source but returns data consistent with local data subsets in a subset file.

Usage

```
subset_nhdplus(
  comids = NULL,
  output_file = NULL,
  nhdplus_data = NULL,
  bbox = NULL,
  simplified = TRUE,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  return_data = TRUE,
  status = TRUE,
  flowline_only = NULL,
  streamorder = NULL,
  out_prj = 4269
)
```

Arguments

comids	integer vector of COMIDs to include.
output_file	character path to save the output to defaults to the directory of the nhdplus_data.
nhdplus_data	character path to the .gpkg or .gdb containing the national seamless database, a subset of NHDPlusHR, or "download" to use a web service to download NHD-PlusV2.1 data. Not required if nhdplus_path has been set or the default has been adopted. See details for more.
bbox	object of class "bbox" as returned by sf::st_bbox in Latitude/Longitude. If no CRS is present, will be assumed to be in WGS84 Latitude Longitude.
simplified	boolean if TRUE (the default) the CatchmentSP layer will be included. Not relevant to the "download" option or NHDPlusHR data.
overwrite	boolean should the output file be overwritten
return_data	boolean if FALSE path to output file is returned silently otherwise data is returned in a list.
status	boolean should the function print status messages
flowline_only	boolean WARNING: experimental if TRUE only the flowline network and attributes will be returned
streamorder	integer only streams of order greater than or equal will be downloaded. Not implemented for local data.
out_prj	character override the default output CRS of NAD83 lat/lon (EPSG:4269)

Details

This function relies on the National Seamless Geodatabase or Geopackage. It can be downloaded [here](#).

The "download" option of this function should be considered preliminary and subject to revision. It does not include as many layers and may not be available permanently.

Value

character path to the saved subset geopackage

subset_rpu	<i>Subset by Raster Processing Unit</i>
------------	---

Description

Given flowlines and an rpu_code, performs a network-safe subset such that the result can be used in downstream processing. Has been tested to work against the entire NHDPlusV2 domain and satisfies a number of edge cases.

Usage

```
subset_rpu(fline, rpu, run_make_standalone = TRUE, strict = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- fline sf data.frame NHD Flowlines with comid, pathlength, lengthkm, hydroseq, levelpathi, rpuid, and arbolatesu (dnhydroseq is required if tocomid is not provided).
- rpu character e.g. "01a"
- run_make_standalone logical default TRUE should the run_make_standalone function be run on result?
- strict logical if TRUE, paths that extend outside the RPU but have no tributaries in the upstream RPU will be included in the output.

Value

data.frame containing subset network

subset_vpu	<i>Subset by Vector Processing Unit</i>
------------	---

Description

Calls [subset_rpu](#) for all raster processing units for the requested vector processing unit.

Usage

```
subset_vpu(fline, vpu, include_null_rpuid = TRUE, run_make_standalone = TRUE)
```

Arguments

- fline sf data.frame NHD Flowlines with comid, pathlength, lengthkm, hydroseq, levelpathi, rpuid, vpuid, and arbolatesu (dnhydroseq is required if tocomid is not provided).
- vpu character e.g. "01"
- include_null_rpuid logical default TRUE. Note that there are some flowlines that may have a NULL rpuid but be included in the vector processing unit.
- run_make_standalone logical default TRUE should the run_make_standalone function be run on result?

Value

data.frame containing subset network

vpu_boundaries	<i>VPU Boundaries Vector Processing Unit boundaries</i>
----------------	---

Description

VPU Boundaries Vector Processing Unit boundaries

Usage

vpu_boundaries

Format

An object of class "sf"

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